SAFETY DATA SHEET

WORMALD IG541

Infosafe No.: LQBO1
ISSUED Date: 20/04/2023
ISSUED by: WORMALD AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Section 1 - Identification

Product Identifier

WORMALD IG541

Company Name

WORMALD AUSTRALIA PTY LTD (ABN 80 008 399 004)

Address

91 Derby Street Silverwater NSW 2128 Australia

Telephone/Fax Number

Tel: 133 166

Emergency Phone Number

133 166

Emergency Contact Name

John Lynch

E-mail Address

jlynch@wormald.com.au

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Fire protection for rooms containing electrical equipment, flammable liquid categories and Class A risks (records rooms and libraries).

Other Names

Other Names		
	Name	
	INERGEN IG541	

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

GHS classification of the substance/mixture

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Gases under pressure: Category Compressed gas

Signal Word (s)

WARNING

Hazard Statement (s)

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Pictogram (s)

Gas cylinder

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Precautionary Statement - Storage

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Ingredients

Name	CAS	Proportion
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	50-70 %
Argon	7440-37-1	30-50 %
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	1-10 %

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation

Avoid becoming a casualty - to protect rescuer, use air-viva, oxy-viva or one-way mask. Remove affected person from contaminated area - Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Do not give direct mouth to mouth resuscitation. Resuscitate in a well ventilated area. Seek IMMEDIATE medical attention. Note: in confined space - DO NOT ATTEMPT RESCUE WITHOUT ADEQUATE RESPIRATORY PROTECTION.

Ingestion

Not considered a potential route of exposure.

Skin

Eye

Remove all contaminated clothing immediately. Clothing frozen to the skin should be thawed before being removed. Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. For Frostbite: Flush affected areas with lukewarm water. Do not use hot water. Treat as thermal burns. Seek IMMEDIATE medical attention.

If eye tissue is frozen, seek IMMEDIATE medical attention. If tissue is not frozen, immediately irrigate with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Eyelids to be held open. Seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities

Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically.

Other Information

For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126) or a doctor at once.

Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Product is a fire extinguishing agent. Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

Hazards from Combustion Products

Not available

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated or may become a projectile in a fire.

Hazchem Code

2TE

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Decomposition Temperature

Not available

Precautions in connection with Fire

Fire fighters should wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing to prevent exposure to vapours or fumes. Water spray may be used to cool down heat-exposed containers. Fight fire from safe location.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Emergency Procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (S.C.B.A) and full protective clothing to minimise exposure. Allow gas to vent safely to atmosphere, preferably in well ventilated, remote location. Monitor oxygen concentration in confined spaces. Check for leaks using pressure drop test or soapy water on joints and outlets. Shut cylinder valve to stop leak if possible and safe to do so. Check gas concentration to ensure area is safe before removing protective equipment. Damaged gas cylinders should be returned to the supplier.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Use in a well ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Use smallest possible amounts in designated areas with adequate ventilation. Maintain high standards of personal hygiene ie. washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities. DO NOT enter confined spaces where gas may have collected. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow back feed into the container. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Protect containers against physical damage. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place, low fire risk area. Protect from extremes of temperature and weather. Do not allow any part of a cylinder to be exposed above 50°C. Storage areas should be kept clean and free from flammable materials. Ensure that containers are properly vented to prevent build up of pressure. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS 4332 - The storage and handling of gases in cylinders.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limit values

No exposure standards have been established for this material. However, the available exposure limits for ingredients are listed below:

Carbon dioxide

TWA: 5000 ppm, 9000 mg/m³ STEL: 30000 ppm, 54000 mg/m³

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit): The average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

Source: Safe Work Australia

Biological Monitoring

No biological limits allocated.

Control Banding

Not available

Engineering Controls

Before entering a confined space where asphyxiants are present, check to make sure sufficient Oxygen exists. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning ventilation requirements.

Refer to AS 2865 Australian Standard Safe working in a confined space, and AS 4214 Gaseous fire extinguishing systems for further information concerning ventilation requirements.

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Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable filter or self-contained breathing apparatus (S.C.B.A) should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements.

Eye and Face Protection

Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 (series) - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Thermal Hazards

No further relevant information available.

Body Protection

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

Other Information

Nitrogen, carbon dioxide and argon are asphyxiant gases which when present in an atmosphere in high concentration, lead to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. It is not appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for an asphyxiant, rather it should be required that a sufficient oxygen concentration be maintained.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Properties	Description	Properties	Description
Form	Gas	Appearance	Colourless gas
Colour	Colourless	Odour	None
Melting/Freezing Point	Not available (product is a permanent gas)	Boiling Point	-196ºC
Decomposition Temperature	Not available	Solubility in Water	Slight
Specific Gravity	1.442 (1 bar)	pH	7.0
Vapour Pressure	200 bar (15°C)	Relative Vapour Density (Air=1)	1.0
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available
Viscosity	Not available	Volatile Component	Not available
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water (log value)	Not available	Density	1.442 kg/m³ (1 bar)
Flash Point	Not applicable	Flammability	Non-flammable
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available	Flammable Limits - Lower	Not applicable
Flammable Limits - Upper	Not applicable	Explosion Properties	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Oxidising Properties	Not available	Particle Characteristics	Not applicable

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

Reacts with incompatible materials.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with incompatible materials.

Conditions to Avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible Materials

Due to carbon dioxide: (Al + Na202) (Mg + Na20), Cs20, Li, K, Mg(C2H5)2, KC2H, Na, NaK, and Ti.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None

Hazardous Polymerization

Not available

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Toxicology Information

No toxicity data are available for this product.

Ingestion

Ingestion unlikely due to form of product.

Inhalation

Inhalation of product vapours may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory system. Nitrogen, argon and carbon dioxide is an asphyxiant gas which when present in an atmosphere in high concentration, lead to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. It is not appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for each simple asphyxiant, rather it should be required that a sufficient oxygen concentration be maintained.

Skin

May cause frostbite injuries to skin due to uncontrolled release of compressed gas resulting in redness, tissue destruction. Compressed gas directed at the skin can enter the body through small wounds or can even penetrate the skin, causing serious or fatal injuries.

Eye

May cause frostbite injuries to eyes due to uncontrolled release of compressed gas resulting in stinging, tearing, blurred vision and possibly permanent damage to eyes.

Respiratory Sensitisation

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin Sensitisation

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutegenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

Reproductive Toxicity

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

STOT - Single Exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

STOT - Repeated Exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

Other Information

This material contains asphyxiant gas, which when present in an atmosphere in high concentrations, lead to a reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. It is not appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for each simple asphyxiant, rather it should be required that a sufficient oxygen concentration be maintained. Unconsciousness and death can rapidly ensue in an environment, which is deficient in oxygen.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

No ecological data available for this material.

Persistence and degradability

Not available

Mobility

Not available

Bioaccumulative Potential

Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Not available

Environmental Protection

Prevent this material entering waterways, drains and sewers.

Hazardous to the Ozone Layer

This product is not expected to deplete the ozone layer.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal Considerations

The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with applicable local and national regulations. To minimise personal exposure to the chemical, refer to Section 8 — Exposure controls and personal protection.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Transport Information

Road and Rail Transport (ADG Code):

This material is classified as Dangerous Goods Division 2.2 - Non-flammable Non-toxic Gases according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Division 2.2 Dangerous Goods are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following:

- Class 1, Explosives

Division 2.1 Flammable Gases when the Division 2,2 gas has a subsidiary risk 5.1 except when all are packed in cylinders or pressure drums not exceeding 500L capacity.

Division 2.3 Toxic Gases when the Division 2,2 gas has a subsidiary risk 5.1 except when all are packed in cylinders or pressure drums not exceeding 500L capacity.

- Division 4.2, Spontaneously Combustible Substances
- Division 5.2, Organic Peroxides

Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG):

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Division: 2.2 UN-No: 1956

Proper Shipping Name: COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.(Contains Nitrogen, Argon and Carbon Dioxide)

EmS: F-C, S-V

Special Provisions: 274, 378, 392

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Division: 2.2 UN-No: 1956

Proper Shipping Name: Compressed gas, n.o.s.(Contains Nitrogen, Argon and Carbon Dioxide)

Packaging Instructions (cargo only): 200

Packaging Instructions (passenger & cargo): 200

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Hazard label: Non-flammable gas

Special Provisions: A202

ADG U.N. Number

1956

ADG Proper Shipping Name

COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.(Contains Nitrogen, Argon and Carbon Dioxide)

ADG Transport Hazard Class

2.2

Hazchem Code

2TF

IERG Number

06

Special Precautions for User

Not available

IMDG Marine pollutant

No

Transport in Bulk

Not available

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Regulatory Information

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety Regulations, Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Poisons Schedule

Not Scheduled

Montreal Protocol

Not listed

Stockholm Convention

Not listed

Rotterdam Convention

Not listed

International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

Not available

Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Act 1994

Not available

Basel Convention

Not available

Section 16 - Any Other Relevant Information

Date of Preparation

SDS amended: February 2024 SECTION 1 Identification, SECTION 8 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection and SECTION 11 Toxicological Information.

SDS Created: April 2023

Version Number

1.1

Literature References

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

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Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Code of Practice for Supply Diversion into Illicit Drug Manufacture.

National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

Agricultural Compounds and Veterinary Chemicals Act.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs.

Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs).

Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade.

Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and Their Disposal.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants.

Adopted biological exposure determinants, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals. (7th revised edition).

Code of Practice: Managing Noise and Preventing Hearing Loss at Work.

END OF SDS

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